

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### 1. Identification

**Product identifier** ETHYL ALCOHOL PM-1473 190PF GF A 190

Other means of identification None.

Recommended use ALL PROPER AND LEGAL PURPOSES

None known. Recommended restrictions

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Brenntag Southwest, Inc. Company name 610 Fisher Road **Address** 

Longview, TX 75604

Telephone 903-759-7151 E-mail Not available.

Emergency phone number 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 3 Health hazards Acute toxicity, dermal Category 4 Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 4 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A Carcinogenicity Category 2 Reproductive toxicity Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity, repeated Category 1 exposure Category 2

**Environmental hazards** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

Not classified. **OSHA** defined hazards

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if Hazard statement

inhaled. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Category 2

Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

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396508 Version #: 01 Issue date: 05-04-2015

> Response If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Call a poison center/doctor. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of

fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up. Storage

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Disposal

Hazard(s) not otherwise

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion. classified (HNOC)

82.11% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 8.58% of the Supplemental information mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 13.44% of the mixture

consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 13.44% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical name Common name and synonyms		CAS number	%	
ETHANOL		64-17-5	82.1138	
2-PROPANOL		67-63-0	8.5809	
METHANOL		67-56-1	4.1402	
2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL-		108-10-1	0.7162	
Other components below reportable le	evels		4.4489	

<sup>\*</sup>Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

#### 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or

artificial respiration if needed, Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Rinse mouth. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

blurred vision. Coughing. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Most important

General information

Ingestion

symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Indication of immediate

medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Headache. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting

equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do

so without risk.

Specific methods General fire hazards Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Flammable liquid and vapor.

#### Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

**Environmental precautions** 

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## Occupational exposure limits

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# **Biological limit values**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10	1 mg/l 0-1)	Methyl isobutyl ketone	Urine	*
2-PROPANOL (CAS 67-63-0)	40 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
METHANOL (CAS 67-56	-1) 15 mg/l	Methanol	Urine	*

<sup>\* -</sup> For sampling details, please see the source document.

# **Exposure guidelines**

US - California OELs: Skin designation

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Skin designation applies.

**US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation** 

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation** 

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended. Other

Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece. Respiratory protection Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. Thermal hazards

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state Liquid. Form Liquid. Not available. Color Odor Not available. **Odor threshold** Not available. Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -167.56 °F (-110.87 °C) estimated / -130 °F (-90 °C)

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

175.1 °F (79.5 °C) estimated

74.0 °F (23.3 °C) Flash point Not available. **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%)

4.3 % estimated

Flammability limit - upper

19.4 % estimated

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 77.31 hPa estimated

Vapor density Not available. Not available. Relative density

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available. Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 682.44 °F (361.36 °C) estimated

**Decomposition temperature** Not available.

Tuesday, October 27, 2015 Product #: 396508 From: BRENNTAG SOUTHWEST INC. To:

**Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

6.59 lbs/gal estimated Density Flammability class Flammable IC estimated

Percent volatile 100 % estimated Specific gravity 0.79 estimated VOC (Weight %) 95.55 % estimated

## 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Material is stable under normal conditions. Chemical stability Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Isocyanates. Chlorine. Hazardous decomposition No hazardous decomposition products are known.

products

## 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Harmful if inhaled. May cause damage to organs by inhalation. May cause damage to organs Inhalation

through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

Harmful in contact with skin. Skin contact Causes serious eye irritation Eye contact

Ingestion Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Headache. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and

blurred vision. Coughing.

#### Information on toxicological effects

Harmful if inhaled. Harmful in contact with skin. Acute toxicity

Components **Species Test Results** 

2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1)

**Acute** Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 16000 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 8.2 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 2080 mg/kg

2-PROPANOL (CAS 67-63-0)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 12800 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Dog 4797 mg/kg

> 3600 mg/kg Mouse Rabbit 5.03 g/kg Rat 4.7 g/kg

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Product #: 396508 From: BRENNTAG SOUTHWEST INC. Components **Species Test Results** ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5) **Acute** Inhalation LC50 Mouse 39 mg/l, 4 Hours Rat 20000 ppm, 10 Hours Oral LD50 Dog 5.5 g/kg Guinea pig 5.6 g/kg Mouse 3450 mg/kg Rat 6.2 g/kg METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1) **Acute** Dermal LD50 Rabbit 15800 mg/kg Inhalation LC50 Cat 85.41 mg/l, 4.5 Hours 43.68 mg/l, 6 Hours Rat 64000 ppm, 4 Hours 87.5 mg/l, 6 Hours Oral LD50 Dog 8000 mg/kg Monkey 2 g/kg Mouse 7300 mg/kg Rabbit 14.4 g/kg Rat 5628 mg/kg \* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown. Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation. Serious eye damage/eye Causes serious eye irritation. irritation Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization. Skin sensitization

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Suspected of causing cancer. Carcinogenicity IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

> 2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause damage to organs.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity repeated exposure

Not an aspiration hazard. **Aspiration hazard** 

**Chronic effects** Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

## 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Components Species Test Results

2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 492 - 593 mg/l, 96 hours

2-PROPANOL (CAS 67-63-0)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) > 1400 mg/l, 96 hours

ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 7.7 - 11.2 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) > 100 mg/l, 96 hours

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) > 10000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) > 100 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

 2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL 1.31

 2-PROPANOL
 0.05

 ETHANOL
 -0.31

 METHANOL
 -0.77

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

# 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some

product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

#### 14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1170

UN proper shipping name ETHANOL SOLUTIONS

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group ||

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

ERG number 127

DOT information on packaging may be different from that listed.

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

DOT



DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant. IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant. General information

### 15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

#### TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

#### **CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)**

2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1) Listed. METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1) Listed.

#### SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

## OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Immediate Hazard - Yes Hazard categories

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

#### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

### SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
METHANOL	67-56-1	4 1402	

#### Other federal regulations

## Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1)

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)

## Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

#### Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and **Chemical Code Number**

2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1) 6715

### Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1) 35 %WV

**DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number** 

2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1) 6715

#### **US** state regulations

# US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

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# US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.

(a))

2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1)

2-PROPANOL (CAS 67-63-0) METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)

#### US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1)

2-PROPANOL (CAS 67-63-0) ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5) METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)

### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1)

2-PROPANOL (CAS 67-63-0) ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5) METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)

#### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1)

2-PROPANOL (CAS 67-63-0) ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5) METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)

#### **US. Rhode Island RTK**

2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1)

2-PROPANOL (CAS 67-63-0) METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)

#### US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

#### US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1) Listed: November 4, 2011

## US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

2-PENTANONE, 4-METHYL- (CAS 108-10-1) Listed: March 28, 2014 METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1) Listed: March 16, 2012

#### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

<sup>\*</sup>A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

#### 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 05-04-2015

Version # 01

HMIS® ratings Health: 3\*

Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0

Health: 3 NFPA ratings

Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

Disclaimer BNA cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products

of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written

based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

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